Alternative forms of learning

Modern school and the teacher must meet modern social needs. Direct instruction-based lectures, conversations and memory does not always bring the expected results.

Students of all ages undergo a series of examinations, tests and tests, and when they leave the school, they must pass the most difficult exam that confirms successes and failures. This test – this is adulthood, work and reconciliation of daily duties, and here you need practical skills, independent problem solving, cooperation with other people.

Teachers who would like to prepare the exams of their students in the best way, we can offer them alternative forms disciples who, although they require a lot of involvement of the teachers during the preparation and conduct trainings, primarily relate to the involvement of students, cause them to have a passion for discovery and learning about them.

Here are examples of alternative forms of education that can be used in the classroom:

– Unstable – the teacher organizes a situation conducive to solving the problem, provides a variety of tools for solving problems, the student chooses the methods to achieve knowledge, experimentation, solves the problem and at the same time, discovers new relations, make conclusions, and decide on the work – can be used at lessons of mathematics, physics, chemistry, geography, biology – students discover the principles that create a requirement, and then check them using existing knowledge – because of this, they themselves become discoverers, and knowledge are quickly absorbed, are not unfathomable knowledge, imposed from outside, and perhaps even use it during language learning when students formulate principles of spelling, grammar and stylistics based on examples;

– Work in the form of training stops – it resembles an obstacle course used in physical education classes or running on the basis of the control points, the teacher organizes the working situation, organizes them into a station – task, each station – is a separate task individual student or group of students. This is the fastest and best solution of the following tasks, it can be organized or pre-test lesson when the teacher wants to know what level of knowledge of the subject by students, for example, in math class, you can organize a themed stop: arithmetic, geometry, algebra, content of tasks;

– Work from week to week – the student gets a certain time to complete the task: a week, a month, he organizes his own work and the stages that are close to the target, this method is similar to the approach of the project;

– work on the project – application of project results to ensure that students participate in the learning process, the project is always a form of change perceived problems, so the effect of the student's work is of the practical dimension, this also has great educational measurement, students often try to change the reality around them through the project: to organize, to help do my essays for me fast a sick colleague, to create an exhibition of works of art to help the neighboring animal shelter.